PERCHING BIRDS CONTINUED
Mockingbird (Mimus polyglottos): Spring, summend fall; found in fields and wooded areas; mimicathe calls of other birds. 10 POINTS Location Date & Time
Blue Jay (Cyanocitta cristata): Permanent resident; found in wooded areas; aggressive and vocal. 1 POINT Location
Date & Time
Date & Time
Location Date & Time
Red-winged Blackbird(Agelaiua phoeniceus): Spring, summer, fall; found in swamps, wet meadows and marshes; can become very vocal and aggressive defending its nest; returns early in spring.
Location Date & Time
Yellow Warbler (droica petechia): Spring, summer, fall; found in swampy thickets and orchards. 5 POINTS Location
Date & Time
Date & Time
Permanent resident; found at edges of fores and fields; often seen at feeders. 2 POINTS Location
Date & Time Gray Jay (Perisoreus canadensis):
Permanent resident; found in bogs, coniferous forests; often bold when visiting campsites for a meal. 10 POINTS Location
Date & Time

ndigo Bunting (Passerina cyanea): Spring, summer and fall; found in overgrown bastures & edges of woods. 5 POINTS
_ocation
Date & Time
Ruby-throated Hummingbird (Archilochus colubris): Spring, summer, fall; found in open fields, woodland edges & gardens. Attracted to red flowers or feeders. 2 POINTS Location Date & Time
White-winged Crossbill (Loxia leucoptera):
Permanent resident; found in coniferous woodlands; the Adirondacks are close to the southern extent of its normal range.5 POINTS Location Date & Time
White-throated Sparrow (Zonotrichia
albicollis): Permanent resident; found in coniferous woodlands and roadside thickets; considered by some to be the most handsome Adirondack sparrow. 2 POINTS Location
Date & Time
Catbird (Dumetella carolinensis): Spring, summer, fall; found in dense wooded areas; named for its catlike call; ability to mimic calls of other birds. Location Date & Time
Nashville Warbler (Vermivora ruficapilla): Spring, summer, fall; found in shrubby areas & swampy thickets; light gray head and a yellow hroat; nests on the ground. 8 POINTS
Location Date & Time
Eastern Kingbird (Tyrannus tyrannus): Spring, summer, fall; found in fields and open areas; aggressive when defending nest; known to attack large birds that come too close; calls loudly. 2 POINTS Location
Whip-poor-will (Caprimulgus vociferus): Spring, summer, fall; found at edges of forests, open woods, fields; a distinguishable cry; nocturnal; Points can be taken if bird is either seen or heard. 10 POINTS
ocation

American Goldfinch (Carduelis tristis):
Permanent resident; found in meadows,
bushes, and overgrown pastures; associated with thistles which they use for food, nests and
shelter. 2 POINTS
Location Date & Time
Alder Flycatcher (Empidonax alnorum): Spring, summer and fall; found in pastures, orchards and thickets; similar to above. 4 POINTS Location Date & Time
Blue-headed Vireo (Vireo solitarius): Spring,
summer, fall; found in mixed deciduous/coniferous forests; eats mostly bugs. 2 POINTS Location
Date & Time
summer, fall; found in woodlands and orchards;
brilliantly colored; often humorously called the Black- winged red bird. 5 POINTS
Location Date & Time
Evening Grosbeak (Coccothraustes vespertinus):
Permanent resident; found in mixed woodlands; often feeds in large flocks. 2 POINTS
Location
Date & Time
Spring and summer; found in thick evergreen bogs; tail points downward when perched. 10 POINTS
Location
Date & Time
coniferous woodlands & thickets; identifying
markings best seen in flight. 5 PÕINTS Location
Date & Time
Blackburnian Warbler (Dendroica fusca): Spring, summer and fall; found in wooded areas; black and orange facial coloration. 5 POINTS Location
Date & Time
Black Throated Green Warbler (Dendroica
virens) Spring, summer and Fall. Like young woodlands, orchards and thickets. 5 POINTS
Location Date & Time
Black Throated Blue Warbler (Dendroica
caerulescens) Spring, Summer and Fall. Nests
found in Hemlock or yew typically close to the ground. Like mixed woodlands. 5 POINTS

Location____ Date & Time



(f) /AdirondackExperience

@ADKExperience

www.AdirondackExperience.com

WFLCOME

This is not a comprehensive list of the birds in Hamilton County or the Adirondack Park. When you see one of the listed birds. (or in some cases, if it is heard) write in the location, date, time seen and circle its point value. When you have accumulated 150 points, mail your pamphlet back to:

> **Hamilton County Tourism** P.O. Box 57 102 County View Drive Lake Pleasant, NY 12108 518-548-3076 800-648-5239 Info@AdirondackExperience.com

Upon verification, you will receive a pin recognizing your achievement. The information in this pamphlet was compiled from the books, Birds of the Adirondacks, by Alan E. Bessett, William K. Chapman, Warren S. Greene, and Douglas R. Pens, and Adirondack Nature Guide, by Sherri Amsel. Furthermore, a special thank you to Gary Lee of Inlet, NY, for his time and expertise! Have fun exploring and experiencing our spectacular wilderness!

BIRDS OF PREY

Bald Eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus): Permanent resident; found in wooded areas near large bodies of water; largest wingspan of any bird in the Adirondacks, measuring 6 to 7 1/2 feet. 8 POINTS Location_____ Date & Time

Osprey (Pandion haliaetus): Spring, summer and fall resident; found near rivers and lakes; dives for fish, often submerging completely.

L	_ocation			
	Date & Tim	ne		
		•		

Cooper's Hawk (Accipiter cooperii): Permanent resident in southern Adirondacks: spring, summer, fall in northern region; found in open woodlands/orchards. 2 POINTS

Red-tailed	Hawk (Buteo jamaicensis):
Parmanant	resident found in woodlands

Permanent resident; found in woodlands/ open fields/along highways. 2 POINTS Location____ Date & Time

Peregrine Falcon (Falco peregrinus): Newly established resident; found in open areas & rock cliffs: endangered species 10 POINTS

Tock cittis, citadingci ed species.	10 1 4
Location	
Date & Time	
•	

American Kestrel (Falco sparverius): Permanent resident; found in fields and open areas; the most common and smallest falcon. Location Date & Time
Great Horned Owl (Bubo virginianus): Permanent resident; found in mixed woodlands; easily recognized by loud hooting call. Points can be taken if this bird is either seen or heard. 10 POINTS Location Date & Time
Barred Owl (Strix varia): Permanent resident; found in mixed wooded areas; call is usually & hoots. Points can be taken if this bird is either seen or heard. 5 POINTS Location Date & Time
Eastern Screech Owl (Otus asio): Permanent resident; found in woodlands and orchards; also known as the Mottled Owl or Little Horned Owl; bravely defends nest. Points can be taken if this bird is either seen or heard. Location Date & Time
Northern Sawhet Owl (Aegolius acadicus): Permanent resident; found in forests and swampy woodlands; smallest Adirondack

owl; often tolerant of people who are close by. Points can be taken if this bird is either seen or heard. 10 POINTS Location

Date & Time

WATERFOWL & SHORE BIRDS

Canada Goose (Branta canadensis): Observed throughout the year, mostly during migratory seasons; found near rivers, ponds, lakes and fields; flies in V-shaped patterns; mates for life. 2 POINTS Location_____ Date & Time

Wood Duck (Aix sponsa): Spring, summer and fall: found in bodies of water that are surrounded by woods. 2 POINTS Location____ Date & Time

Ring-Necked Duck (Aythya collaris): Spring, symmer, fall; found near marshes, ponds and lakes; also known as Ring-billed Duck and the Ring-necked Scaup. 5 POINTS Location_ Date & Time_

Hooded Merganser (Lophodytes cucullatus): Spring, summer, fall; found in bodies of water near woodlands; smallest merganser in the Adirondacks; often seen facing upstream, fishing. Location____ Date & Time_

Blue-winged Teal (Anas discors): Spring, summer, fall; lives in ponds and marshes; can fly nearly 50 mph for short distances; seen during migratory periods. 10 POINTS Location_______Date & Time______

Great Blue Heron (Ardea herodias): Spring, summer, fall; found in rivers, ponds, lakes; tallest bird in the Adirondacks. 2 POINTS Location Date & Time

American Bittern (Botaurus lentiginosus): Spring, summer, fall; found in bogs and marshes; when it is not moving, difficult to distinguish from surrounding weeds. 5 POINTS Locatión Date & Time

Killdeer (Charadrius vociferus): Spring, summer, fall; found in open areas, commonly seen on golf courses; named for sound of its cry; pretends wing is broken when nest is approached.

3 POINTS Location Date & Time

Common Loon (Gavia immer): Spring, summer, fall; found in remote lakes, large ponds; a symbol of the Adirondacks, known for its mournful cry. 2 POINTS
Location
Date & Time_

American Woodcock (Scolopax minor): Spring, summer, fall; found in swamps & bogs, moist field; active at dusk. 3 POINTS

Please complete the following and mail back to our office for your Birding Pin:

NAME:	
ADDRESS:	
CITY:	
STATE	ZIP
EMAIL:	

GAMEBIRDS

Ruffed Grouse (Bonasa umbellus):

Permanent resident; found in mixed	d woods,
by roads, usually on the ground; als	so known
as a partridge; male makes "drumming"	
sound by beating its wings.	3 POINTS
Location	
Date & Time	
Wild Turkey (Meleagris gallopavo): Perm.	
resident; found in open woods, clearing	gs, and
along roadways; roosts in trees.	2 POINTS
Location	
Date & Time	

WOODPECKERS

Pileated Woodpecker (Dryocopus pileatus):	
Permanent resident; Found in deciduous &	
mixed woods; largest Adirondack woodpecker	,
known for its loud "jungle-like" call. 3 POIN	TS
Location	_
Date & Time:	

Downy Woodpecker (Picoides pubescens): Permanent resident: found in woodlands & orchards: smallest American woodpecker.

Location

Date & Time
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker (Sphyrapicus varius):
Permanent resident: found in boas and

coniferous forests; has a mewing call. 3 POINTS

Black-backed Woodpecker (Picoides tridactulus): Perm. resident; rare and localized; found in coniferous forests and bogs. 10 POINTS Location Date & Time

PERCHING BIRDS

White-breasted Nuthatch (Sitta carolinensis): Permanent resident; found in mixed woods, deciduous forests; commonly seen hanging upside down on trees feeding on insects. 1 POINT

Northern Oriole (Icterus galbula): Spring, summer, fall; found in open areas with large trees; brilliant orange coloration; formerly known as the Baltimore Oriole. 10 POINTS Location____ Date & Time